

ANNUAL REPORT 2016-2017

PEOPLE'S ENDEAVOUR FOR SOCIAL CHANGE (PESCH)

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Messages from Chairman:

I would like to share my immense pleasure in bringing out PESCH's annual report 2016 -2017. My deepest gratitude for the support given by the communities, donors & partner's organization, staff and Director and executive members of PESCH which enable PESCH to reach out to vulnerable and marginalized section of our society.

PESCH able to reach out to 41 villages 5,125 households and 28,128 people directly with the noble support mentioned above. Other thousands population also could access information and awareness through PESCH.

It is through the Grace of Almighty God who always is our inspirer, supporter, guide, mentor and protector. Your valuable support in terms of financial resources, human resources, materials and moral is always appreciated and seek to continue your invaluable support in the days to come.

**K. Keigapou Rongmei,
Chairman
People's Endeavour for Social Change (PESCH)**

Message from the Executive Director:

I give thanks from the bottom of my heart to God who provided health, wisdom, resources and strength to endeavour for the rural societies. A year of enormous learning and experiences through many hardship, challenges and success by the grace of almighty God. I have hearty gratitude to Donors, Nodal agency and Partners NGOs for fullest support towards our desired goal. I also give thanks to our Board Chairman, Executive members, staff, and communities who give me privilege to serve for the welfare of the communities.

Our main intervention on Sustainable Livelihood for the rural communities through Environment Development & Management Program EED/Brot, Promotion of food security & ensuring a sustainable impact in the area of poverty reduction through system of rice intensification (SRI), Land and water resources management towards food security and secure livelihood programme through (DBI), supported by Jamstji Tata Trust (JTT). Promoting appropriate livelihood options through women SHGs under NABARD, and Promotion of Children Education and Career Counselling programmes by Local contribution.

The world we live in is full of injustice; troubles, disrespect, selfishness and distrust among the people have become the pattern of this world. The gap between rich and poor is widening day by day. Scarcity of foods is increasing as the population goes up while the land and resources are running out. Moreover Climate change is one of the most common problems facing by majority of the population in our country. Thus, the future of the rural communities has become more and more vulnerable. In the meantime People's Endeavour for Social Change (PESCH) has striving as a voluntary Organisation for the welfare of rural Peoples in the region. Though, we have lot of limitation, like shortage of fund, Lack of Knowledge, Lack of Human resources, Lack of cooperation, has become the obstacle to the contributing towards justice, peace, secure of sustainable Development in the society. I hope that, our endeavoured might not in vain, but it may be benefited and meaningful in the days to come.

I am glad to share with the PESCH Annual Report 2016-2017, with a hope for your kind moral and physical support in the days to come. Thank you for supporting to enable us survival of the least.

G. Solomon Rongmei
Director
People's Endeavour for Social Change (PESCH)

About the Organisation:

Name Of Organisation : People's Endeavour for Social Change (PESCH)

- Vision:** Harmonious society with justice and respect for human rights ensuring sustainability of life.
- Our Mission:** Promotion of present Natural Forest and bio-diversity for improving over-all environment and positive societal changes by empowering the people through participatory development processes.
- Our Goal:** Able to understand comprehensively about natural resources and its value and ways of proper management towards optimum benefit and sustainability, able to add value creatively and innovatively ensuring sustainability and able to influence policy makers on the issue of land & its resources.

Our Objectives:

(1) Environment;

- i. To ensure people aware of the present situation of environment and destruction of bio-diversity systems.
- ii. To promote sustainable way of consuming natural resources.
- iii. Increasing land based activities and creating more permanent nature of cultivation in one place.
- iv. Create people enabling to manage environment as globalization.

(2) Economic:

- i. To ensure the sustainable livelihood of rural communities through the participatory development approach.
- ii. Providing feasible options income-earning activities to meet livelihood needs and to lessen the exploitation of forest.
- i. Reducing occurrence of flash floods and chaotic situation of flood due to climatic change
- iii. Promotion of rainwater harvesting and providing systems to avail safe drinking water etc.
- iv. Restoration of wasteland, utilization of waste land checking of erosion of the topsoil

(3) Social:

- i. To build the Capacity of village institutions in various issues.

- ii. To strengthen village governance in conformity of global village.
- iii. Trainings/workshops/seminars to bring more awareness on various issues like gender, women empowerment etc.
- v. Protect rights of the indigenous people while promoting sustainable environment.

(4) Education:

- i. Promotion of formal and non formal Education to young generation.
- ii. Promoting community health services
- iii. Improving health status of people by providing nutrition awareness, health and hygiene measures and enabling to have safe sanitation.

Legal Information:

Name: PEOPLE'S ENDEAVOUR FOR SOCIAL CHANGE
(PESCH)

Address Head Office: Thomas Gangmei, Building (Church Road)
Spring Valley, Ward No. 1 Tamenglong Head Quarter,
Tamenglong Dist., Manipur, - 795141

Liaison office: Kamranga, PO . Gularthol, Jiribam, Manipur

Details of Registration:

Registration No. 218/SR/DT/97

Date/Place : 03/03/1997 (Tamenglong)

FCRA No. : 194170034 23/02/2007 (New Delhi)

PAN No.: AAAAP6160B

12A of the Income Tax: OC-560/12A/CIT/JRT/
Act 1961, 2005-06

Date /Place : 15/06/2006(Jorhat)

Board members:

Slno	Name	Designation	Address
1	Mr. K. Aga	Chairman	Ramgaijang, PO/PS Jirighat, Cachar, Assam
2	Mr. G. Solomon Rongmei	Secretary	Karuluang, PO/PS Jirighat, Cachar, Assam
3	Mr. Rev. G. Poukham	Treasury	Kamranga, PO/PS Gularthol, Jiribam, Manipur
4	Mr. Jacob Kamei	Member	Oinamlong , PO/PS ausem, Tamenglong, Manipur
5	Mr. Onisma	Member	Namdailong, PO/PS Jirighat, Cachar, Assam
6	Mrs. Aluna	Member	Namdailong, PO/PS Jirighat, Cachar, Assam
7	Mr. Timothy Gangmei	Member	New Alipur, PO/PS Gularthol, Jiribam, Manipur
8	Mr. Isaac Gangmei	Member	Kaiphundai, PO/PS Tausem, Tamenglong, Manipur
9	Mr. G. Agui	Member	Karulong, PO/PS Jirighat, Cachar, Assam

2. Office Staff:

Sln o	Name	Designation/pro ject	Qualificatio n	Experi ence & Durati on	Responsibility
1	G. Solomon Rongmei	Executive Director	B. A. SCGA Allahabad	9	Team leader & Overall management of the organization including administration and programs.
2	Dr. Namkhinlung Pamei	Livelihood coordinator	MA. Ph.D / History	8/1	Coordinating and implementation of Project
3	D. Puanthanlung	Empowerment Coordinator	B. Sc.	7/9	Coordinating and implementation of Project
4	Robindro Meitei	Accountant	B. Com. MU	7	Maintaining books of accounts for Foreign Contribution & General Accounts
5	KG. Pougiang	Asst. Accountant	B. Com	1 yr	Assisting of maintaining books of accounts.
6	Khuanguangpou	Farm In-charge	Class-viii	1yr	Taking care and Maintaining the Demonstration farm.

Main Areas Of Intervention:

- Sustainable Livelihood Promotion, through Natural Resource Management Programme for SHGs and Farmers Clubs.
- Rights based approach
- Empowering village institutions and community members
- Natural Resources Management – Better NRM through user groups
- Food security – Better food production, conservation of biodiversity and accessing govt. services
- Mobilizing community assets
- Better Marketing Bank linkages

Projects and its target Area:

1. Tausem Sub-Division, Tamenglong, Manipur for Environment Development & Management Program supported by RNBA/EED
2. Smokeless King Chilli using Biomass Dryer at Kaiphundai Village for WSHGs under Farm Sector Promotion Fund supported by NABARD.
3. Career counselling and Children Education Programme in collaboration with Local Communities and like minded person in Jiribam, Lakhinagar and Tausem Sub-divisions Manipur.

Networking:

We are networking with Sustainable Livelihood Forum – Manipur (SLF-M), Forum for Collective Form of Co-operation (FCFC) , RNBA/EED programs and NABARD, Manipur.

Our donors and projects:

Sl. No.	Name of Project	Objectives	Supported
1	Environment Development & Management Program	To empower target communities to manage their own resources (human and natural) with proper local governance and access their right and entitlement ensuring dignified livelihood	RNBA/EED,Bfw
2	Smokeless King Chilli using Biomass Dryer	To enable rural women SHGs members of the target area in producing and processing King Chilli to ensure their	NABARD, Tamenglong, Manipur

		livelihood.	
3	Bank and Market Linkages Programme	To enhance the Knowledge of rural women to link with Banks and Markets to support their livelihood.	NABARD, Tamenglong, Manipur
4	Demonstration Farm	To demonstrate the ecological sustainable farming system to rural communities, and to provide quality sapling to farmers.	Local Initiatives

Environment Development & Management Program Main phase-III Supported by RNBA/EED-Brot. Germany.

1. ACTIVITIES PROGRESS REPORT:

Project management workshops organized(RRC level):



Capacity Building Programme at RRC Level

Together 14 workshops were attended during this phase conducted by RRC. The workshops are **2 day Launching & planning workshop, 2 day Marketing management workshop, 3 day Outcome Impact Orientation (OIO) workshop, 2 day MIS training, 2 day Financial Management training, 3 day Kannyakumari OIO workshop, 2 day MIS workshop at RNBA office, 2 day financial management training at DSSS Imphal, 2 day Project review workshop at DSSS Imphal, 2 day Project orientation & planning at DSSS Imphal, 3 day Project review workshop at Umran Shillong and 2 day Market based livelihood promotion workshop Odisha, documentation and report writing workshop at Classic Grande and Final Report writing workshop at Hotel Imphal**

Four (4) staff, Dr. Namkhinlung Pamei, Robindro Meitei, Solomon and D.Puanthanlung participated in the said workshops.

Capacity Building of VLI:

13 capacity building training on Characteristics of SHGs, Book keeping, bank operating system, individual saving and loan Register guideline, group bye-law, Group management, Conflict management and IGA, Livestock management, Economic benefit of bee keeping was conducted. Dr. Thangsa Kamei retired MO Tamenglong, Th. Dhiren Inspector Horti Jiribam and Th. Gopal Singh Veterinary Dept. Jiribam, Rajen Kumar Bee keepers, Dr. Namkhinlung Pamei, Robindro Meitei and D. Puanthanlung as resource persons.

In the trainings, 81 males and 178 females of VDC, church, village authority, SHGs and farmers participated.



SHGs training on Book Keeping

Cross Learning of SHGs

16 women from 16 SHGs and 3 VDC members of the project villages participated in the cross learning program at Balongdai, Nungba. Three staffs from PESCH accompany the SHG members. The participants learnt the basic knowledge of processing of spices operated by Solar energy which is run by 8 groups of SHGs supported by NABARD. The participants also examine other activities like Record maintenance and group activity like Banana farm.



Cross Learning Programm for SHGs at Rongdai Vill.

1.1.4.2: PRA and revisiting village micro-plan (existing and new village):

6 PRA and re-visiting village micro-plan workshop was conducted at 6 project villages. Baseline data also collected in each village by selecting 2 females and 2 males volunteers for survey of households wise. Based on the baseline data collected, PRA was conducted particularly in household population information, livestock, household assets, food security, and income of the household. Wealth ranking was done by dividing groups among the participants and rank it in the particular four category i.e. well off, manageable, poor and very poor. Wealth ranking was done based on house hold income, assets and household population. The tools like Social Mapping (including institutional mapping), 2. Resources mapping, 3. Mobility mapping, 4. Time trend, 5. Trade in trade out have been not change from the phase-II baseline report as there is no any change in fields.

In the workshops 93 males and 107 females participated.



PRA and Micro Planning Programmes

1.1.4.4: Developing of local resource centre at partner level: One local resource centre has been under construction at Liaison office of PESCH, Jiribam. It is already completed ground level.



Constructing Local resource centre at Kamranga, Jiribam.

1.2: Enhanced Ecosystem Productivity and Resilience

Integration of plan with Local Governance Units/Line

Departments through interface meetings and workshops at Village (VA/VDB), sub-district and District level.

9 integration plan developed with the VDC, VA and SHG at Longchai, Mandu and Aben. Interface meeting with Govt. line department i.e. NABARD, IWMP, Bank, PHED and village authority. Through the integration plan, the following convergence was achieved.

1. Rs. 60,000 loan provided by IWMP, UBI Tamenglong for Ringra, Cheikelua and Suisam SHGs.
2. 1 water tanky each at Aben and Longchai constructed by IWMP.
3. 100 kgs of bean, pea, grain and crop seeds supported by Agriculture department Tamenglong for 19 SHGs.
4. 44 manday wages of MNREGS in the Jungle clearance and land levelling of Thaucham Farmer club Areca Farm.
5. INR 50,000 Material components of MNREGS fund used for Areca plantation at New Mandu and Longchai.



17 males and 26 females participated in the meetings.

1.2.6: Input support for fruits plantation/agro forestry:

43 beneficiaries were supported for fruit plantation. 10 beneficiary of Longchai village were provided support for banana plantation. 8 beneficiaries of Deige for betel leave plantation, 13 beneficiaries of Old Mandu for banana and areca plantation and 12 beneficiaries of New Mandu for areca plantation. 100 plants each were supply to beneficiaries by the VDCs.



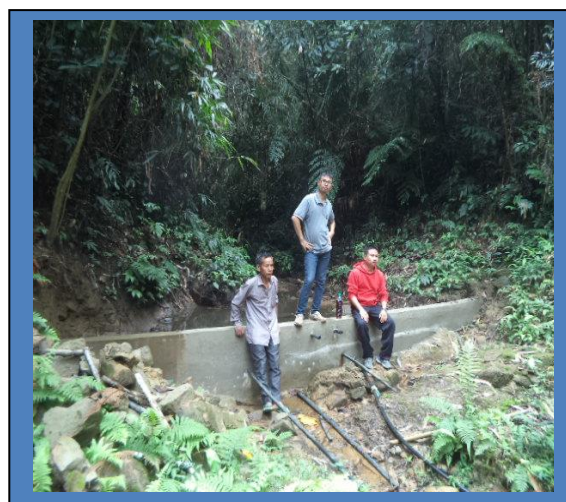
Areca farm New Mandu



Rajianlung areca farm Longchai

1.2.5: Inputs supports for Water Resource Development:

In Longchai village, two intake dams and two reservoirs were constructed. In Aben 1 intake Dam and 1 one reservoir was constructed. The main purpose of the program is to supply water for kitchen garden and drinking. In the construction work all the stake holders viz. Village Authority, Church and Women society cooperate with VDC through man power, financial and moral support for effective implementation of the activity. It benefited 62 household of Longchai and 40 household of Aben.



Water Resource Development at Longchai Village

1.2.8. Inputs supports for Cultivation of seasonal crops and others identified in market

Supported 18 SHGs with beneficiaries 83 among SHGs members from 6 villages for plantation of potato, maize and beans. Provided the following items to the SHG beneficiaries. A). 2700 kgs of potato B). 20 kgs of mustard seed, C).70 kgs of beans.



Vegetable Garden of Thaucham village

1.2.9: Inputs supports for Piggery under Livestock program:

16 beneficiaries from 11 SHGs were supported for pig rearing with two piglets each provided to the 3 villages namely Longchai, Thaucham and Aben. The pig belongs to mix breed which were bought from the locality.



Piggery Farm at Aben Village

1.2.11: Inputs supports for Compost making:

11 beneficiaries were supported for simple compost pit at Thaucham and New Mandu. The raw compost material is a mixture of leaves and animal waste. The pit is dug on the ground 3 feet deep and roofing is made with white polythene sheet. The compost will be used as manure for any plantation.



Compost making Training at Thaucham Village

1.3.1. Mobilization and Formation of Collectives of women (SGH Federation and Farmers club at each village 46 farmer's club/SHG federation).



8 Mobilization and strengthening of SHG Federation/Farmer club formation were conducted at 6 project villages. In the meeting 206 males and 139 females participated. 1 Women SHG federation Rural Initiatives for Sustainability and Empowerment (RISE) was strengthened and 5 Farmer clubs was formed. It is also developed group activities on areca plantation, Litchi plantation, Betel leaf plantation and king chilli.

SHGs Federation Meeting

1.3.2: Skill development of individuals on selected trades in demand

Skill development programme

11 days Skills training for 6 beneficiaries on selected trade of traditional cotton, ginger and chilly food processing was conducted at Shamhigton Agricultural University Allahabad by income generation food processing training department. 6 trainers got 11 days food processing training certificate. Six trainers started applying chilly pickle preparation. 500 plastic bottles for chilli pickle preparation was issued to the 6 trainers. 5 skills trainer increase Rs. 1500 income by selling chilli pickle in the market.



Skill Training at Allahabad

1.3.3: Three key products identified

King chilli was identified and cultivate in their farm during the reporting period for Market. 500 kg of fresh chilli was collected from the individual family by 4 SHGs of Longchai, Thaucham, and farmer clubs and prepared seed of 5 kgs which was distributed to the SHGs for plantation.



King Chilli Farm at Longchai Village

King Chilli selling at Local Market

1.3.4: Farmer Meet cum Mela/Fair :

3 farmer meets conducted at Longchai and New Mandu. 52 males and 44 females persons were participated in the meetings. Traders from Jiribam, Jirighat, and Fulertal, Cachar, participated in the farmer meet cum Exhibition Mela. In the meeting farmers brought and display their commodities mainly vegetables, spices/condiments and fruits. The meeting participants resolved the following points during the round table conference.

- Market day fixed on Wednesday and Thursday
- Market Board was formed.
- Uniformity in pricing products



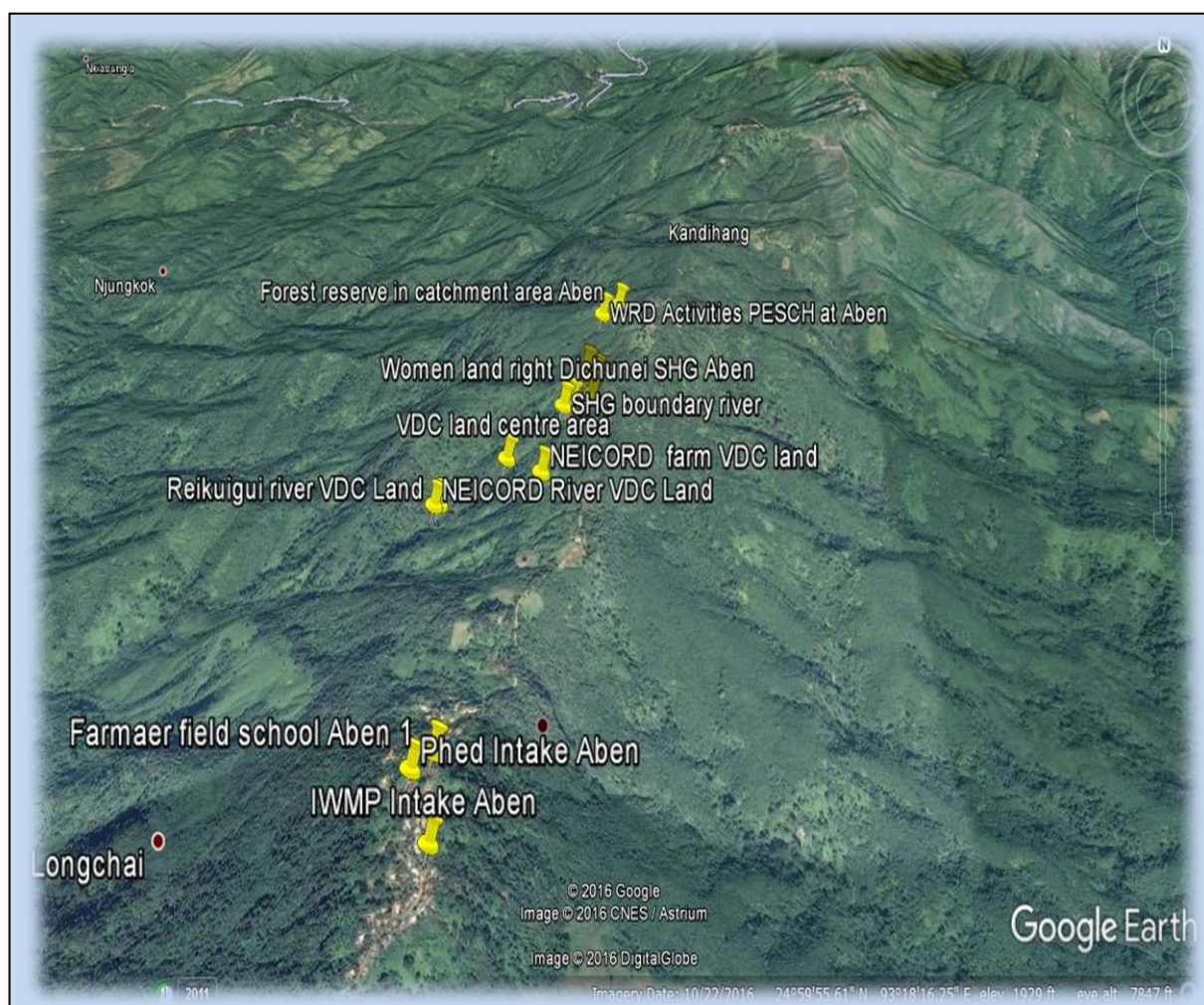
Farmer fair at Mandew

1.4.1: Consultation with clan leaders



7 clan consultations conducted at six project villages. Landholding system and rights of people was main topic covered. 91 males and 53 females participated in the consultations. Farmers and the clan leaders started discussing with the landowner for forest development and development of community land in the 6 project villages.

2. GPS MAPPING REPORT OF BROT/PESCH PROJECT ACTIVITIES OF MAIN PHASE-III



GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM (GPS) MAPPING AT PROJECT AREA.

3. CASE STUDY

Case study-1. A Case study on Land rights of Tribal People in Manipur

Land ownership system in Manipur: A Brief Introduction

Land resource has been the root cause of many conflicts in Manipur and especially in the hills. Land, particularly for the tribal, remained as the single most important physical possession and as a territory plays an important role in shaping the cultural and ethnic identity. Furthermore, the tribal communities have a symbiotic relationship with the land and the forests on which depends their livelihood. All the tribal groups, to an extent followed customary, traditional land usage and management system. As per some scholars the most immediate reasons for the conflict in the villages, inter villages and ethnic conflict between different communities is the uncertainty about land ownership, especially the forested hill tracts that covers the major part of the state. In Manipur, out of the 78% of the total forested area 68% is controlled by the community. Differing systems of land ownership and tenure reinforce the accentuated ethnic divide between the people of the plains and the hill tribes.

PESCH Intervention on Land Rights

Land Rights for Farmers

During the intervention of BROT/EED project activities it found the land ownership system is slightly different from village to village. The common practice is land is owned by the community except one project village by a clan. PESCH efforts on this issue are able to ensure land ownership to the farmers and women SHGs in three of the six villages for plantation purposes. In Longchai, Thaucham and Aben villages Deed of Agreement were signed between land owner, VDC, Farmers clubs and the Village Authority as the third party. They were provided 170, 20 and 100 acres of land respectively. It is agreed that the tenant households will be allowed to use the land as long as they continue their farming activity. The main fruit plants are Areca, Litchi and Parkia. This is a big opportunity for the households who own small lands. In Thaucham the farmers club is able to plant at least 5000 Areca saplings in their farm. These group activities of the village improve peaceful co-existence and sense ownership of land for sustainability of their livelihood.

Land rights for women

1. **SHGs Women :** In Aben village the Village Development Committee (VDC) has provided 2 acres of land each to Suisam SHG and Dichunei SHG. Meanwhile Deed of Agreement was signed between the two entities with third party. In fact more than 20 women of these two SHGs are ensured land for permanent cultivation.
2. **Rongmei Tradition : *Luh Langsang*** : In Rongmei tradition women are provided land as gift by her family and the term is called “Luh Langsang”. This tradition has been practiced since time immemorial in the Rongmei society. A remarkable example is one Ms Rangkeliu Kamei of Makuai village was gifted a land by her family. Now the place is known as “Rangkekiulong” village which is derived from her own name. Recently during our project intervention a woman named Mrs Thuankuliu Gonmei of Longchai village was gifted two acres of land by her family for permanent settlement and cultivation. However the changing trend of the society has led to the decline of this practice in the modern Rongmei society.

Conclusion

It is a challenging task to ensure land ownership to the people of the rural areas. The reason is owing to the practice of non uniform land ownership system of customary laws and Land Revenue Act of the State Government which bring insecurity to the tribal people.

Meanwhile it is felt that we need to revive and encourage this noteworthy tradition of the Rongmei community for the welfare of women and society as a general.

Case study- 2. A case study on women leadership and marketing through SHG

Background: The status of tribal women particularly Naga women have almost the same rights and duties as men. In the bygone days, Zeliangrong Naga women were happy with their position in society because they were given adequate protection. It continues even after the advent of Christianity and western education. However, women participation in public meetings and household decision making have very low in the EED/PESCH project area. There were no women leaders in village authority and church before PESCH intervention. The project villagers still prefer men leadership than women because they believe that women are not capable of preserving their ethnic identity. Women played significant role in maintaining food security as they along the Jhum and paddy fields. However, women are confined only to the households work. Women are restricted to go outside the house for business activities.

PESCH Intervention: In the phase-II, PESCH /EED, we make them formed and strengthening of 24 women SHG in the 6 project villages. We gave capacity building trainings of these groups in phase II & III on Characteristics of SHGs, Book keeping, bank operating system, individual saving and loan Register guideline, group by law , Leadership, Group management, Conflict management and IGA, Livestock management, Economic benefit of bee keeping and handholding work. Through project activities, they got revolving loan on seasonal crops, livestock and grant for fruit plantation.

Achievements:

1).Leadership: There is poor participation of the women members in village development committee, village authority and church for resolving women related development issues; yet, the change is significant. There are positive changes with respect to attitude, self confidence, participation in the decision making process and leadership. Now, 1 SHG secretary of New Mandu promoted as VDC chairperson, 1 women SHG leader of Aben was appointed as member of village authority and 5 women SHG members of Longchai, Aben, Thaucham, New Mandu and Old Mandu were president and secretary of church women society.

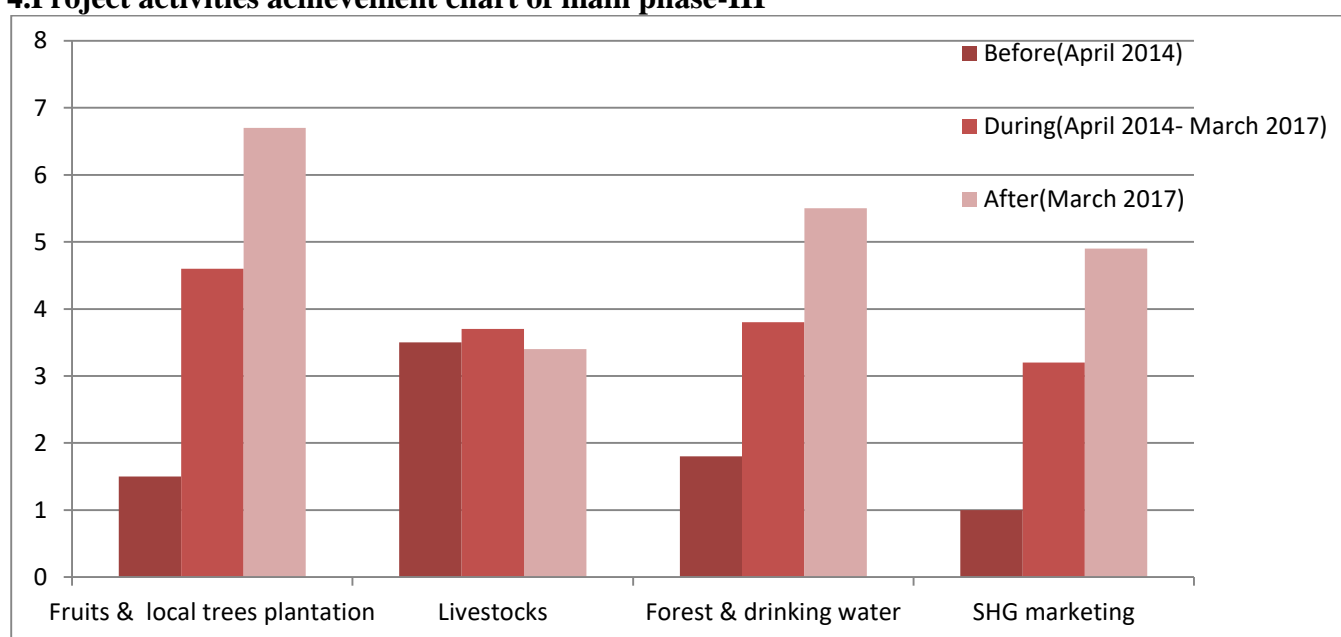
2) Bank and Govt.department Linkages: During the project period, 18 SHGs have been opened saving bank account in the Nationalized Bank of India. Three groups namely Cheikelua SHG of Deige, Ringra SHG of Mandu and Suisam SHG of Aben access loan from IWMP and United Bank of India Tamenglong.

3). Change in marketing and income: Not surprisingly, the PESCH field staff came across some of the highly successful women in marketing. It appears that a member has to arrange at least half of the total investment on her own and get the rest from groups. They collected King chilli, which is one of the 3 key products from the groups and different area and aslo sold directly in the Jiribam market which is 54-77 km from the project villages. This year they started going to much farther markets at Lakhipur and Silchar, Assam, to increase their sales and more profitable way. Other than chili they also sold vegetables like pumpkin, brinjal,

long beans, etc. At present they sold 400 kgs of fresh king chilli at Jiribam market @ Rs. 150 per kg. The annual turnover is approximately Rs.50,000. This activity was a success for the individual members and groups. These activities helped women specially, in acquiring economic and social empowerment.

Conclusion: When we asked the SHG members the reason for their success and they answered that it's the Believe that together we can change our world. It makes us real happy to meet and interact with the members. We wish the groups the very best for their next dream. Best wishes for great results in the future.

4. Project activities achievement chart of main phase-III



5. Change in project village through PESCH intervention

Particulars	Change life after project intervention
Land rights	Aben VDC, 2 SHGs of Aben, Taudai farmer's club of Longchai and Thaucham farmer's club have land. Land deed of agreement was signed by landowners with the VDCs, SHGs and farmer's club. GPS mapping done of the said land with the knowledge of landowners.
Farming	Project villages community change mindset from paddy field to plantation of fruits plants (Areca, local tree, vegetables and bee keeping).
Knowledge level of SHG & sustainable SHG	Enhanced idea of saving, income generating activities, group spirit and record keeping. SHG secretary used as village authority and church financial auditor

Drinking water	Reduced women drudgery and improved neat & clean and health
Challenges	Clanism, land boundary dispute, Ownership of land particularly women land rights, health & moral education

6. SUCCESS ACTIVITIES PHOTOGRAPHS

Water resources Development :



King Chilli Farm at Thaucham



Mr. Farmer field School Aben

Areca Plantation



Thaucham farmer club areca farm



Areca farm New Mandu



Bee keeping training & GPS mapping



Arecanut Farm Taucham,
PESCH/RNBA/EED

Areca farm Taucham



Bee training Ramgaijang



GPS mapping



National Bank for Agriculture And Rural Development (NABARD):

SMOKELESS KING CHILLI BIOMASS HEAT GENERATED DRYER At Kaiphundai Village, Under NABARD, Tamenglong.



King Chilli Dryer Installed at Kaiphndai Village

Smokeless King Chilli Biomass heat generated dryer is installed at Kaiphundai Village, Tausem Block, Tamenglong District, Manipur. The Technology developed by Central Agriculture University, (CAU) Imphal under the aegis of Department of Science and Technology, Govt. of India. It is base on Biomass burning but energy efficient and environment friendly system. The proven technology of drying system for Commercialize the local Organic products in local and National markets that, the Villagers are producing a lot of King Chillies about Seven months (August- Feb.) every year from their jhum cultivation, but unable to sell out in fresh all those products in the Local Market. (20-25 tons of fresh King Chillies are produced by the Villagers per year). So, the Farmers used to dry the remaining of their products in Conventional way by smoking. Thus, the product has inferior to reached National market due to containing of smoke, though they have a lot of their organic products. In the modern market the demand for the King Chilli is increasing day by day, but due the lesser of the quality they could not sell their products in reasonable price. It is not only lesser of the quality to sell in the market but it is also hazardous to our health to consume the smoked foods. Moreover, drudgery of women are increasing to make dried by colleting of firewood and maintaining the heat day to night for three to four days. So, to standardize and commercialize their products and promote of healthy and hygienic diet in rural area, it is a suitable technology for drying system of King Chilli in smokeless.

The processing unit involved dryer, weight scale and small Sealer in an assembly- line approach of manufacturing unit. The unit has the capacity of drying 75-100kg of King Chilli

in one (1) day. The dryer needs 10 kg of Charcoal to heating the dryer for ten hours. It will be much benefited to the rural people that, they can use the charcoal which is wasting in their Jhum field and available in their surroundings.

Project Location:

Women Society's Weaving centre, Kaiphundai Village, Tausem Sub-division, Tamenglong District, Manipur. Kaiphundai is the junction point of Tausem sub-division road and NH-37 in western part of Tamenglong district. It is the gateway of the whole District of Tamenglong, and entire products of the district are going through the village. It is a suitable place for collecting all those products which is unable to sell in fresh in the markets. Therefore, the project is aim to help those rural women by collecting their products, which they cannot sell in fresh in the market and make it dry in the processing unit to solve the problems of rural women who are facing a lot problem and wasting the their valuable organic products.

Goal of the project:

To enhance livelihood of rural communities through suitable technology to improved quality of food products and better management of energy efficient and environmental acceptability based on Biomass burning but energy efficient and environment friendly system.

Objective of the project:

1. To enable rural women SHGs members of the target area in producing and processing King Chilli to ensure their livelihood.
2. To enhance the bank and market linkages for women SHGs in rural area.
3. To standardize and commercialize the local organic products and to gain the maximum profit by the women SHGs members.

Sustainability:

Communities have empowered with the set up proposed in the project. Technology had transferred, skill will be enhanced and management structure had been developed. Therefore, in course of time communities will be able to take forward knowing the benefit and contributions of the project to their SHG members and their households.

Scalability: The project can be easily scale up to the new locations and areas where there is similar livelihood situations and environment. It can be also scale for other sector like Turmeric, Tea, Ginger and other Spices.

Outcome of the project:

- Dependency on firewood for drying is reduced which in turn promote healthy and hygienic food and environment friendly system.
- Drudgery of women is reduced with improved technology
- Women SHGs are willing to produce more products accessible to Local and National Markets.
- Forward & backward linkages are enhanced
- It is able to save time, energy and resources

Capacity Building Programme:

We have conducted two training as capacity building programme for SHGs Leaders. Book keeping, bank operating system, individual saving and loan register guideline, group bye-law, Group management, Conflict management and Income Generation Activities are the topics covered during the training. Youth leaders and Village Level Committee (VLI) leaders also participated during the Programme.



SHGs Training on Accounting at Kaiphundai

Financial Literacy Awareness Camp under NABARD:

The People's Endeavour for Social Change (PESCH) is working in Nungba and Tausem sub-division of Tamenglong district since last 10 years. PESCH mainly focus on Livelihood and food security through proper natural resources management, Women empowerment through SHG, Institutional building and good governance, land issues and sustainable agriculture. The target communities in area are comparatively low in every aspect of living, like economic, Education, Awareness and living standard.



Level of awareness amongst rural communities is comparatively low in all spheres and financial literacy is one of them particularly the rural women. Besides, there are bad experiences while forming SHGs by the Government line department and other NGOs, and as a result communities lost their interest on SHGs, the fault promises and lack of Bank linkage and credit facilities from the Bank as well as other financial institutions also added to the non functional of SHGs in the rural areas. Moreover, communities are lacks in saving habit, no banks in the area, capacity in terms of skill and knowledge is lacking and poor

communication and transportation which added to the difficulties of the communities and the SHGs. Likewise, the need of the hour is to create awareness by conducting Financial Literacy Campaign which, we believe, will facilitate better implementation of SHG and other village level institutions towards wider financial inclusion among the rural women and village level institutions.

As a volunteer Organisation, PESCH is having finance constraint to conduct the said campaign, meanwhile NABARD has supported for five Financial Literacy and Awareness Camps to conduct in five villages viz. Oinamlong Village Part-IV, Kaimai Village, Taulen Village, Sibilong Village and Tarbung Village in Tausem Block of Tamenglong District, Manipur. All together two hundred and twentytwo persons are participated during the camps from different stakeholder from different Societies. PESCH organised the camp in collaboration with United Bank of India Tamenglong Branch, Manipur. The awareness camps were given with audio and visuals aids (using flip, chart projector and Games) and some material. Thirty four Zero Balance Bank Account were opened with BCA, United Bank of India (UBI) during the Programmes.

OBJECTIVES

1. Giving awareness about the roles of the bank and NABARD in promotion of SHGs.
2. Provided better banking knowledge to women and rural people.
3. Facilitated bank and other financial institutions linkages among women and rural people.
4. Given awareness on the importance of saving and credit.
5. To access of Bank facilities through the BCA to Women and rural communities.
6. Giving Awareness on Govt. scheme and policies to rural Women.

The following topics are covered during the camp.:

- I. Financial planning and Budgeting - Family income/expenditure, need for savings for education /marriage/illness/housing.
- II. Basics of savings - KYC norms and its relaxation, responsible saving.
- III. Insurance - Importance of social security, old age, insurance and micro insurance schemes available.
- IV. Loan- briefing about the loan, how can SHGs, Farmer Clubs and Individual can access loan from Banks.
- V. Objective and target of Zero balance account.

World Environment Day Observed:



A one day World Environment Day 2016 was observed under the theme of *“Join the race to make the world a better place”* at Barak Valley Mission Centre by Local fund. Around one hundred people were attended during the programme. Mr. G Solomon Rongmei, Director PESCH, delivered brief speech on importance of the healthy and green environment in the human lives, to solve the environmental issues by implementing some

positive environmental actions as well as to make aware common public worldwide that everyone is responsible for saving this environment is not only somebody, government or organizations working for it.

He concluded the consequences and vulnerabilities for our future in the Societies by misused of our resources by the communities, and he also request the people to take the responsible for saving the environment.

A small tree had been planted at Barak Valley Centre fellowship campus by the hands of Jesse Gangmei Pastor Barak Valley Centre Fellowship and G. Solomon Rongmei Director PESCH, during the Programme to show the importance and value of plants.

Bee keeping Training at Aben Village:

A two days training Programme on Bee keeping Training had conducted at Aben village supported by Mr. Agnelo Nocholas and Mr David Gandhi. Thirteen farmer from Aben village were participate during the training. The training was effectively conducted with full supported from villagers.



Mr. Rajen Kumar, Professional Bee keeper grant as resource person during the Training. He gave the detail of theory of Bee keeping as well as Practical. The trainees were enthusiastic by the training programme. Bee keeping is a very simple and easy to manage by farmers with a least investment.

Demonstration Farm at Karuluang:

PESCH has been working as volunteer Organisation for 10 years promoting livelihood programme for rural communities. We talk about the sustainability of livelihood, income, farming system. But we could not give enough hand holding support to farmers who are in needs. As a Voluntary Organisation we have limitation of funds, Human resources, Knowledge, and time.



Demonstration Farm



Demonstration Farm

Therefore, PESCH has been initiated a small demonstration farm at Karuluang Village, Cachar Assam. The Main aim of the farm is to demonstrate the sustainable farming system to the local farmers and to provide them proper training and guidance. And also to provide good seedling to farmers who are struggling to find good seedling in market. It is not easy to find good seedling in the market now a day. But it is necessary to have good seedling to sustainable their products.

The farmers in the area are not much aware about the good seedling and good varieties of plants. So, many farmers spend a lot of money to purchase the seedling for cultivation, and they buy the seedling whatever they got from the market. With that result, the yielding of their farm products is become inferior, and they have faced a lot of dissatisfaction of their products. Moreover, consecutively affected by diseases cause extinct of traditional plants like Oranges, Parkia and Betel leaves plants etc. are the major factor of disappointing the farmers to continue. Thus the farmers are become idle to continue the farming practices. However, plants are the main sources of lives, and we cannot deny to planting in our life. Hence, PESCH had initiated a demonstration centre to provide a good seedling and give hand holding support for needy farmers and to promote the local farmers to makes green our region.

Financial Report:

ਭਾਂਗਲ ਬਾਜ਼ਾਰ ਭਾਂਗਲ ਅਕਾਊਂਟੈਂਟਸ
S.L. Gangwal & Company
Chartered Accountants

**Thangal Bazar,
Imphal (Manipur)**

**PEOPLES' ENDEAVOUR FOR SOCIAL CHANGES (PESCH)
TAMENGLONG
MANIPUR**

ACCOUNT: : CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT

AUDITORS REPORT

We have Audited the annexed Balance sheet of above mentioned society as at **31ST MARCH, 2017** and also attached Income & Expenditure account and Receipts & Payments account for the year ended on that date and report that:-

We have obtained all the information and explanation which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our examination.


The statement of account deal with this report are in agreement with the books of account. The Accounts of the society have been prepared on Cash basis. On this basis revenue and related assets are recognised when actually received rather than when earned similarly expenses are recognised when paid rather than when obligation is incurred.

The statement of account deal with this report are compiled from the Books of Account maintained by the above mentioned society :-

- (i) In the case of Balance Sheet, the state of affairs of the society as at **31ST MARCH, 2017**
- (ii) In the case of Income & Expenditure account for the Deficit for the year ended on that date.
- (iii) In the case of Receipts and Payments account of the actual receipts and payments during the year ended on that date.

PLACE : : IMPHAL

DATED : : 10TH MAY, 2017


Director
People's Endeavour For
Social Change (PESCH)



For S L GANGWAL & CO.
Chartered Accountants


Jyoti Kumar Jain
Partner
M No. 77090
FR No. 004649C

PEOPLES' ENDEAVOUR FOR SOCIAL CHANGES(PESCH)
 TAMENGLONG
 MANIPUR

ACCOUNT:: CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT

BALANCESHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH,2017

LIABILITIES	AMOUNT	ASSETS	AMOUNT
CAPITAL FUND::		FIXED ASSETS:	
Opening Capital Fund	12,34,897.45	(As per Annexure "J ")	9,72,530.42
Less: Deficit transfer from I/E A/C	3,25,523.29		
	<u>9,09,374.16</u>	LOAN & ADVANCE	
LOAN & ADVANCE :		Prog. Advance::	
Borrowing::		Smokeless dryer machine-	
RNBA/EED-Brot Program	1,22,828.00	NABARD	52,500.00
		Closing Balances:: (Annexure "A")	
		Cash in hand	
		Cash at Bank	7,171.74
GRAND TOTAL	<u>10,32,202.16</u>	GRAND TOTAL	<u>10,32,202.16</u>

As per report of even date annexed


PLACE :: IMPHAL

DATED::10TH MAY,2017


 Director
 People's Endeavour For
 Social Change (PESCH)



For S.L. GANGWAL & Co.
 Chartered Accountants


 Jyoti Kumar Jain
 Partner
 M No. 77090
 PR No. 004649C

PEOPLES' ENDEAVOUR FOR SOCIAL CHANGES(PESCH)
TAMENGLONG
MANIPUR

ACCOUNT:: CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT

INCOME & EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2017

EXPENDITURE	AMOUNT	INCOME	AMOUNT
Payment under RNBA/EED-Brot Programme (Annexure "B")	13,16,717.00	Grant In Aid (Annexure "E")	11,84,284.00
Payment under NABARD Programme (Annexure "C")	75,000.00	Bank Interest (Annexure "F")	7,329.00
Bank charges from Bal (Annexure "H")	111.50	Received under General Account Contribution from Beneficiary	81,995.00
Payment under System of Rice Intensification(SRI) for household food security in Manipur (Annexure "D ")	40,709.00	Kind Contribution (Grant) (Annexure "G")	
Depreciation (As per Annexure "J")	1,64,839.79	Excess of Expenditure over Income trans to Capital Fund	3,25,523.29
Payment for Capacity building (Annexure "I")	1,754.00		
GRAND TOTAL	15,99,131.29	GRAND TOTAL	15,99,131.29

As per report of even date annexed

PLACE :: IMPHAL
DATED::10TH MAY,2017


Director
People's Endeavour For
Social Change (PESCH)



For S.L. GANGWAL & CO.
Chartered Accountants


Jyoti Kumar Jain
Partner
M No. 77090
FR No. 004649C

PEOPLES' ENDEAVOUR FOR SOCIAL CHANGES (PESCH)
TAMENGLONG
MANIPUR

ACCOUNT : : CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT


RECEIPTS & PAYMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2017

RECEIPT	AMOUNT	PAYMENT	AMOUNT
OPENING BALANCES:			
Cash & Bank bal.(Annexure "A")	97,527.24	Payment under RNBA/EED-Brot Programme (Annexure "B")	13,16,717.00
Contribution from Beneficiaries	81,995.00	Payment under NABARD Programme (Annexure "C")	75,000.00
Bank Interest (Annexure "F")	7,329.00	Payment under System of Rice Intensification(SRI) for household food security in Manipur (Annexure "D ")	40,709.00
Grant In Aid (Annexure "E")	11,84,284.00	Bank charges from Bal (Annexure "H")	111.50
Kind Contribution (Grant) (Annexure "G")		Payment for Capacity building (Annexure "I:)	1,754.00
Borrowing::		Prog. Advance::	
RNBA/EED-Brot Program	1,22,828.00	Smokeless dryer machine- NABARD	52,500.00
		Closing Balances:: (Annexure "A")	
		Cash in hand	7,171.74
		Cash at Bank	7,171.74
GRAND TOTAL	14,93,963.24	GRAND TOTAL	14,93,963.24

As per report of even date annexed

PLACE :: IMPHAL

DATED::10TH MAY,2017


Director
People's Endeavour For
Social Change (PESCH)



For S.L. GANGWAL & CO.
Chartered Accountants


Jyoti Kumar Jain
Partner
M No. 77090
FR No. 004649C

Origin the Organisation:

Few tribes live in Lungbungjang area, where Govt. claimed to be a Forest area. They have been suffering from eviction and other form of suppression in the locality. They neither get help from Govt nor from any other organization. Therefore, leaders of local churches of Cachar and Jiribam area came together and decided to establish a development organization to take up various development initiatives by the people. PESCH was officially registered under Society Registration Act and start taking up few development programs locally in the year 1997. Awareness program, meeting, consultation and promoting SHG were some of the activities initially adopted. Slowly, it starts building legal status like registration under IT Act and FCRA. The first partnership/supported program was received in the year 2006 with RNBA/Brot/EED.

PESCH slowly increases its partnerships six donors viz. RNBA/EED, IGSSS, RNBA JTT, RNBA/SDTT, CENRs and NABARD. The target villages of PESCH are situated in Jiribam area, Tausem and Nungba sub-division of Tamenglong district and eastern part of cachar district Assam. There have been great challenges in the journey of working as a developmental organization. After its inception/registration there was only a 3 members who started to work in the organization as a volunteer. They started to form this micro finance policy by organizing self help groups at the village near the surrounding areas. Then they started applying for project with collaboration/coordination from RNBA. Then in Oct 2006 the program of Environment Development and Management Program (EED), Bonn, Germany has been approved and this become a turning point for the Organization. Presently the Organization has seven staffs and three projects that are working in different project in different areas.